Botanic name : Croton bonplandianus L.

Common name: Ban-tuisi, kala bhangra

Family: Euphorbiaceae

Habitat: Around the canal, river banks, big drainage, waste lands

Distribution: Gangetic West Bengal, pan Indian

Description: Annual herb with watery latex, leaves alternate, lance shaped, toothed

margin; flowers in raceme, white; fruit oblong capsule, warty surface

Phytochemicals: alkaloids, flavonoids, steroids, tannins and cardiac glycosides

Medicinal/Economic uses: Leaf paste is used to heal lesions, purgative, skin disease, bronchites and asthma, biofuel, detergent (stem & branches). People use it as both fuel and detergent. First the stems and branches are used as fuel and afterwards the ash is collected and kept in a bottle for 5-6 days. Then the ash is put in warm water and used as a detergents for cleaning cotton garments. contents 40% of essential fatty acids (linoleic acid, linolenic acid, palmitic acid etc.). seeds used for jaundice, constipation and abdominal dropsy